Information sheet ModBus RTU

L8000009-B 23.02.2023

DUCO

01 Introduction

The ModBus interface on DUCO systems (via the Communication Print option on a DucoBox¹ or standard on an IQ unit) allows an external controller or building management system to communicate with the DUCO ventilation system. In this way, one can request info about the ventilation network, or via write parameters or holding registers read or adjust settings. The supported protocol is ModBus RTU over RS-485.

The following settings are by default:

 \rightarrow 9600 bps baud rate \rightarrow 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity If different settings are necessary, they can be changed via the Display menu.

The DucoBox Silent Connect, Focus, Energy and the IQ Unit support the following ModBus subset:

HEX	DEC	SUPPORT FUNCTION
0x03	3	Read multiple HOLDING registers
0x04	4	Read multiple INPUT registers
0x06	6	Write single HOLDING register
0x10	16	Write multiple HOLDING registers

Here, input registers are 16-bit read-only variables and holding registers are 16-bit read/write variables. The ModBus address can be set via the Display menu (see information sheet L8000015) or the Duco Network Tool.

Due to a difference in some ModBus implementations compared to the official specification (on which our implementation is based), an address shift of '1' may occur for the read and write parameters.

E.g.: read address '20' will become '19'.

This can be solved by setting the >RegOffs parameter to '1' using the Display menu or the Duco Network Tool.

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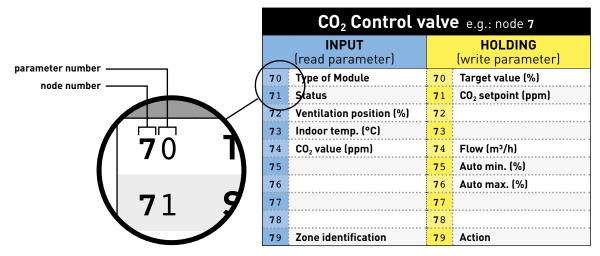
02 Working with registers / parameters

The external control unit communicates with each component (node) through read parameters (**INPUT**) and write parameters (**HOLDING**).

- Read parameters (**INPUT**): type of component, extract level, CO₂ value, moisture content, etc.
- Write parameters (HOLDING): target extract level, control all window ventilators, target level window ventilator, etc.

Each component can contain a maximum of 10 read and 10 write parameters. This collection of values is bundled together in a 'table' where information can be extracted or inserted. Below is an example a 'table' like this, with its 2 x 10 'parameters' for a component (CO_2 Control valve) with node 7. Each node together with its parameters is assigned a code: **XXXy** (**XXX**=node number, **y**=parameter number). **70**, **71** etc. in this example.

This allows all values to be read and controlled from the external control unit. There are specific parameters for each component.



03 Overview of parameters

The parameters are classified according to the same structure for each component and grouped by category:

COMPONENT e.g. node 1					
	INPUT (read parameter)		HOLDING (write parameter)		
10	Type of module Indicates component type	1 0	Ventilation target value Overrules the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located		
1 1	Ventilation status Indicates the active setting for the ven-				
1 2	tilation system in the zone in which the component is located.	1 2			
1 3		1 3			
1 4		1 4	Change settings Changes the component settings. Settings		
1 5	Sensor values and component status Depending on the type of component,	1 5	will vary depending on the type of compo- nent		
1 6	indicates the measured values from any built-in sensors and/or the status of the component itself.	1 6			
1 7					
18					
1 9	Localisation number Indicates a number of a group of compo- nents belonging together	1 9	Action Simulates manual system control		

INPUT '1' Status

Indicates the active setting for the ventilation system in the

You will find an explanation of most parameters in the following tables per component (DucoBox, Control valve, User Control/ Sensor, ...).

You will find an explanation for some general parameters present in each type of component in the list below.

INPUT '0' Type of module

Indicates which type of component is involved:

	zone in which the component is located.
10 = master unit (e.g. DucoBox Focus, DucoBox Energy, IQ- unit, etc.)	0 = Auto
11 = Sensorless control valve or 2-Zone control valve	1 = 10 minutes in high setting
$12 = CO_2$ Control valve	2 = 20 minutes in high setting
13 = Humidity Control valve	3 = 30 minutes in high setting
14 = Room operating unit (with or without battery)	4 = Manual low setting
$15 = CO_2$ Sensor	5 = Manual medium setting
16 = Humidity Sensor	6 = Manual high setting
17 = Tronic window ventilator	7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting
18 = Switch Sensor	8 = Permanent low position
21 = iAV Sensorless (control valve)	9 = Permanent middle position
22 = iAV Humidity (control valve)	10 = Permanent high position
23 = iAV CO ₂ / iAV Toilet (control valve)	99 = Error
24 = Humidity / CO ₂ Control valve	



NOTE: if a target value has been set using the **HOLDING** '0' parameter, the **INPUT** '1' status parameter will not reflect the correct setting because the actual ventilation setting will have been overruled in that case. The actual ventilation setting (expressed as a percentage) can be read out using the **INPUT** '2' ventilation setting parameter.

How to control ventilation via ModBus?

The ventilation mode can be set via ModBus, either with the **target value parameter HOLDING** '0' as with he **action parameter HOLDING** '0' as with he **action parameter HOLDING** '0'. Both methods have advantages and disadvantages. The ventilation setting is determined in all cases by the last action via a ModBus or a remote control.

HOLDING '0' **Target value**

The ventilation setting for the zone is overruled with the **HOLDING** 'O' target value parameter. **Advantage:** the ventilation setting can be determined with greater precision than using the fixed low, medium and high manual presets. **Disadvantage:** as a result, the remote control(s) in this zone will be unable to show the correct setting.



NOTE: if a target value parameter has been set for underlying components, it is possible for ventilation in this zone to run out of balance.

Overruling will cease if...

- ... the system is switched to a different setting via a user control
- ... the ModBus HOLDING '9' action parameter is altered
- ... the ModBus **HOLDING 'O'** target value parameter is set to '-1'

The actual ventilation setting can be read out via the **INPUT '2'** ventilation setting parameter.

HOLDING '9' Action

An action on a component is simulated via the **HOLDING** '9' action parameter (e.g.: pressing a button on a user control). The action parameter is therefore suitable for the use of alternative control methods (e.g. via app on a smartphone). **Advantage:** the user controls in the system indicate the correct ventilation setting. **Disadvantage:** the settings are limited to the fixed manual presets.

The values '0' and '1' serve to visualise the component to be operated by lighting up the LED in blue:

- 0 = Node visualisation OFF
- 1 = Node visualisation ON (permanently, until the value is reset to 0 or the ventilation system is restarted)

The values '2' through '6' included determine the ventilation setting by simulating a control:

- 2 = Zone to **temporary** manual setting 1 (15 minutes for extraction and 8 hours for supply)
- 3 = Zone to **temporary** manual setting 2 (15 minutes for extraction and 8 hours for supply)
- 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 (15 minutes for extraction and 8 hours for supply)
- 5 = Zone to automatic setting
- 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting



NOTE: possible values in the **INPUT** '1' status parameter are **not equal** to the possible values of the **HOLD**-**ING** '9' action parameter. For example: 'manual low setting' status is value '2' in the action parameter and value '4' in the status parameter. You will find all possible status parameter values in the table for each component.

	DucoBox e.g. node 1				
	INPUT (read parameter)		HOLDING (write parameter)		
10	Type of Module 10 = DucoBox	10	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting of the entire system.	
				Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
11	Status0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccup setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	11 sied			
1 2	Ventilation position (%) Actual ventilation setting of the ent system	ire 12			
1 3	Current power (W)	1 3			
1 4	Average power (W)	1 4			
1 5	Maximum power (W)	1 5	Auto min. (%)	Minimum ventilation setting in automatic mode. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 Standard = 10%	
16		16	Auto max. (%)	Maximum ventilation setting in automatic mode. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 Standard = 100%	
1 7		17			
18		18			
19	Localisation number Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	19	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

	Control valve e.g. node 2					
	ا (read ا	NPUT parameter)			IOLDING e parameter)	
20	Type of Module	11 = Sensorless Control valve 12 = CO ₂ Control valve 13 = Humidity Control valve 24 = Humidity / CO ₂ Control valve	20	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
21	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	21	CO ₂ setpoint (ppm)	(CO ₂ Control valve only) The desired CO ₂ concentration in parts per million. Values: 0-2000 ppm in steps of 10 Standard = 800 ppm	
2 2	Ventilation position (%)	Actual ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located	2 2	RH Setpoint (%)	(Humidity Control valve only) The desired moisture content. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 60%	
23	Indoor temp. (°C x 10)	The measured indoor temperature x 10 Example: [210] = 21 °C	2 3	RH Delta (on/off)	Whether or not Delta control can be activated. This delta control increases the ventilation if there is a certain increase in the moisture content over a period of time (e.g. 10% in 5 seconds). Because this may cause the ventilation system to overreact, it is off by default. Values: 0 = off, 1 = on Standard = 0 [= off]	
24	CO ₂ value (ppm)	(CO ₂ Control valve only) Measured CO ₂ value	24	Flow (m³/h)	Here, the desired flow rate of this zone can be set in m ³ /h (standard = depending on type of valve → bathroom / laundry room - toilet - living room / kitchen - bedroom) Values: 20-200 m ³ /h in steps of 5 Standard = depending on type of control valve	
2 5	RH value (% x 100)	(Humidity Control valve only) The measured moisture content x 100 Example: 4974 = 49.74%	2 5	Auto min. (%)	Minimum ventilation setting in automatic mode. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 Standard = 10 %	
26			26	Auto max. (%)	Maximum ventilation setting in automatic mode. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 Standard = 100 %	
2 7			27			
2 8 2 9	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	2 8 2 9	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

	Control valve 2-Zone (DucoBox Energy) e.g. Zone 1 = node 67 (Zone 2 = node 68)					
	(read	INPUT d parameter)		HOLDING (write parameter)		
67 0	Type of Module	11 = 2-Zone Control Valve	67 0	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
67 1	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	671			
67 2	Ventilation position (%)	Actual ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located.	67 2	RH Setpoint (%)	(Humidity Control valve only) The desired moisture content. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 60 %	
67 9	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	67 9	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

	User controller / sensor e.g. node 3					
		INPUT parameter)		HOLDING (write parameter)		
30	Type of Module	14 = User control (with or without battery) 15 = CO ₂ Sensor 16 = Humidity Sensor	3 0	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
31	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	31	CO ₂ Setpoint (ppm)	 (CO₂ Sensor only) The desired CO₂ concentration in parts per million. Values: 0-2000 ppm in steps of 10 Standard = 800 ppm 	
3 2			3 2	RH Setpoint (%)	The desired moisture content. Values: 0-100 % in steps of 5 Standard = 60 %	
3 3	Indoor temp. (°C x 10)	(not with battery) The measured indoor temperature x 10 Example: 210 = 21 °C	3 3	RH Delta (on/off)	Whether or not Delta control can be activated. This delta control increases the ventilation if there is a certain increase in the moisture content over a period of time (e.g. 10% in 5 seconds). Because this may cause the ventilation system to overreact, it is off by default. Values: 0 = off, 1 = on Standard = 0 (= off)	
3 4	CO ₂ value (ppm)	$(CO_2 Sensor only)$ Measured CO_2 value	3 4	Button 1 (%)	Value of button 1. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 10%	
3 5	RH value (% x 100)	(Humidity Sensor only) Measured moisture content x 100 Example: 4974 = 49.74%	3 5	Button 2 (%)	Value of button 2. Values: 0-100 % in steps of 5 Standard = 50 %	
3 6			3 6	Button 3 (%)	Value of button 3. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 100%	
37			37	Manual time (min.)	Duration of manual mode. This will depend on whether or not Tronic window ventilators are linked to the Room operating unit. Values: 5-9995 min. in steps of 5 Standard = 15 min. if linked to extraction 480 min.[= 8 hours] if linked to supply	
38 39	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	38 39	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

	Box sensor (DucoBox Silent Connect) e.g. node 137/138				
	(read	INPUT parameter)	HOLDING (write parameter)		
137 0	Type of Module	15 = CO ₂ Sensor 16 = Humidity Sensor	137 0		
137 1			137 1	CO ₂ Setpoint (ppm)	(CO ₂ Sensor only) The desired CO ₂ concentration in parts per million. Values: 0-2000 ppm in steps of 10 Standard = 800 ppm
137 2			137 2	RH Setpoint (%)	The desired moisture content. Values: 0-100 % in steps of 5 , i.e. 50 instead of 5000! Standard = 60 %
137 3	Indoor temp. (°C x 10)	The measured indoor temperature x 10 Example: 210 = 21 °C	137 3	RH Delta (on/off)	Whether or not Delta control can be activated. This delta control increases the ventilation if there is a certain increase in the moisture content over a period of time (e.g. 10% in 5 seconds). Because this may cause the ventilation system to overreact, it is off by default. Values: 0 = off, 1 = on Standard = 0 [= off]
137 4	CO ₂ value (ppm)	(CO ₂ Sensor only) Measured CO ₂ value	137 4		
137 5	RH value (% x 100)	(Humidity Sensor only) Measured moisture content x 100 Example: 4974 = 49.74%	137 5		
137 6			137 6		
137 7			137 7		
137 8			137 8		
137 9	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	137 9		

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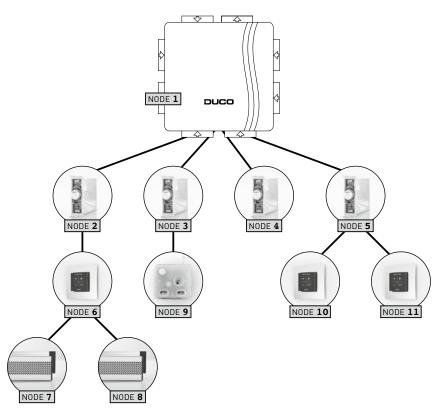
	Humidity Box Sensor (DucoBox Energy) e.g. node 57				
	(read	INPUT parameter)	HOLDING (write parameter)		
57 0	Type of Module	16 = Humidity Box sensor	57 0		
57 1			57 1		
57 2			57 2	RH Setpoint (%)	The desired moisture content. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 , i.e. 50 instead of 5000! Standard = 60 %
57 3	Indoor temp. (°C x 10)	The measured indoor temperature x 10 Example: 210 = 21 °C	57 3	RH Delta (on/off)	Whether or not Delta control can be activated. This delta control increases the ventilation if there is a certain increase in the moisture content over a period of time (e.g. 10% in 5 seconds). Because this may cause the ventilation system to overreact, it is off by default. Values: 0 = off, 1 = on Standard = 0 (= off)
57 4			57 4		
57 5	RH value (% x 100)	The measured moisture content x 100 Example: 4974 = 49.74%	57 5		
57 6			57 6		
57 7			57 7		
57 8			57 8		
57 9	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	57 9		

	Electronically controlled window ventilator e.g. node 21					
	INPUT (read parameter)			HOLDING (write parameter)		
210	Type of Module	17 = window ventilator	21 0	Target value (%)	Overruling the window ventilator setting . Values: 0-100 % (shut to open setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
211	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	211			
21 2	Window ventilator setting (%)	Actual window ventilator setting (0 = closed, 100 = open)	21 2			
21 3	Outdoor temp. (°C x 10)	The measured outside temperature (°C) Example: [210] = 21 °C	21 3			
21 4			21 4	Inlet (%)	Setting determines the share this window ventilator has compared with the extraction in this zone. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 0% [= each window ventilator has the same supply "weight"]	
21 5			21 5	Auto min. (%)	Minimum ventilation setting in automatic mode. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 Standard = 10%	
21 6			21 6	Auto max. (%)	Maximum ventilation setting in automatic mode. Values: 0-100 % (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 Standard = 100 %	
21 7			21 7			
21 8 21 9	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	218 219	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

	Switch Sensor e.g.: node 40 (Onboard Switch contact: node 132, 133, 134, 135)					
INPUT (read parameter)			HOLDING (write parameter)			
40 0	Type of Module	18 = Switch Sensor	40 0	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
401	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual nigh setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	401	Switch mode	Indicates the use to which the Switch Sensor is being put. Values: 2 = PRESENCE (e.g. toilet detection): indicates the ventilation setting required for extraction in the toilet 1 = HEATPUMP: indicates the ventilation level to which the flow rate requires to be boosted according to the heat pump connected 0 = OVERRULE (e.g. alarm): indicates the ventilation level at which the system is being overruled (0-250% / 'MAX'). If it is set to 'MAX', the speed of the central extract unit will increase to maximum and the valve will open fully. Standard = 2 (= PRESENCE)	
402	Ventilation position (%)	Actual ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located	402	Switch value	The desired value of ventilation in the current zone if the Switch Sensor is activated. This value is expressed in % or m³/h depending on the switch mode selected. On changing the switch mode, the switch value will be automatically set to a default value. Values: PRESENCE: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 Standard = 100% HEAT PUMP: 0-250 m³/h in steps of 5 Standard = 150 m³/h OVERRULE: 0-250% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 255 = 'MAX' Standard = 100%	
40 3			40 3			
40 4			40 4			
40 5			40 5			
40 6			40 6			
40 7			40 7			
40 8			40 8			
40 9	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	40 9	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

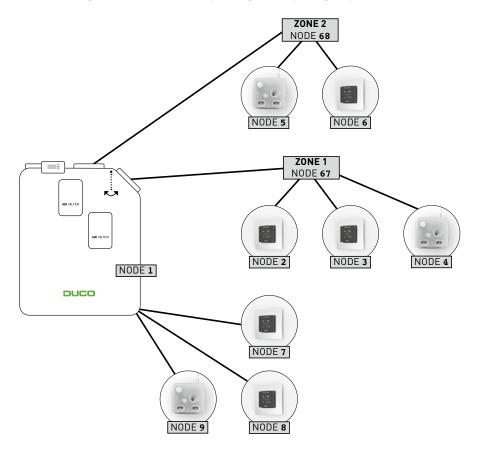
Network examples

Below is an example diagram with a DucoBox Focus. Below the example diagram you will then find an example of the corresponding ModBus parameters. The node numbers are automatically assigned when pairing a component and may therefore change for each situation depending on the pairing sequence.



	INPUT (read parameter)	HOLDING (write parameter)		
01 up to and including 09	These parameters are set aside for any additional information over the network	01 up to and including 09	These parameters are set aside for any additional information over the network	
10	Type of module = 10	1 0	Target value (%)	
1 1	Status	1 1	-	
12	Ventilation position (%)	1 2	-	
1 3	-	1 3	-	
14	-	1 4	-	
1 5	-	1 5	Auto min. (%)	
16	-	1 6	Auto max. (%)	
17	-	1 7	-	
18	-	1 8	-	
19	Localisation number = 0	1 9	Action	
2 0	Type of module = 12	2 0	Target value (%)	
2 1	Status	2 1	CO ₂ setpoint (ppm)	
2 2	Ventilation position (%)	2 2	-	
2 3	Indoor temp. (°C)	2 3	-	
2 4	CO ₂ value (ppm)	2 4	Flow (m³/h)	
2 5	-	2 5	Auto min. (%)	
2 6	-	2 6	Auto max. (%)	
2 7	-	2 7	-	
2 8	-	2 8	-	
2 9	Localisation number = 1	2 9	Action	
6 0	Type of module = 14	6 0	Target value (%)	
6 1	Status	6 1	CO ₂ setpoint (ppm)	
6 2	Ventilation position (%)	6 2	-	
6 3	Indoor temp. (°C)	6 3	-	
6 4	CO ₂ value (ppm)	6 4	Button 1 (%)	
6 5	-	6 5	Button 2 (%)	
6 6	-	6 6	Button 3 (%)	
6 7		6 7	Manual time (min.)	
6 8		6 8		
6 9	Localisation number = 2	6 9	Action	
7 0	Type of module = 14	7 0	Target value (%)	
71	Status	7 1	-	
7 2	Window ventilator setting (%)	7 2	-	
7 3	Indoor temp. (°C)	7 3	-	
74	Heater switch on	7 4	Inlet (%)	
7 5	Heater active	7 5	Auto min. (%)	
7 6	-	7 6	Auto max. (%)	
7 7	-	7 7	-	
7 8	-	7 8	-	
7 9	Localisation number = 2	7 9	Action	
to max. 200 0		to max. 200 0		

Below is an example diagram with a DucoBox Energy Premium (2-zone). Below the example diagram you will then find an example of the corresponding ModBus parameters. The node numbers are automatically assigned when pairing a component and may therefore change for each situation depending on the pairing sequence.



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	DucoBox node 1					
	INPUT (read parameter)			HOLDING (write parameter)		
10	Type of Module	10 = DucoBox	10	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting of the entire system. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
11	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	11			
1 2	Ventilation position (%)	Actual ventilation setting of the entire system	1 2			
1 3	Current power (W)		1 3			
1 4	Average power (W)		1 4			
1 5	Maximum power (W)		1 5	Auto min. (%)	Minimum ventilation setting in automatic mode. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 Standard = 10%	
16			1 6	Auto max. (%)	Maximum ventilation setting in automatic mode. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 Standard = 100%	
1 7			1 7			
1 8			1 8			
19	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	1 9	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

	2-Zone Control Valve node 67 or 68					
	INPUT (read parameter)			HOLDING (write parameter)		
670	Type of Module	11 = 2-Zone Control Valve	67 0	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5	
671	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	671		-1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
67 2	Ventilation position (%)	Actual ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located	67 2			
67 9	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	67 9	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	
68 0	Type of Module	11 = 2-Zone Control Valve	68 0	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
681	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	681			
68 2	Ventilation position (%)	Actual ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located	68 2			
68 9	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	68 9	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

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	Remote control e.g. node 2					
	INPUT (read parameter)			HOLDING (write parameter)		
20	Type of Module	14 = Remote control (with or without battery)	20	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5	
21	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	21		-1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
2 2			2 2			
2 3	Indoor temp. (°C x 10)	(not with battery) The measured indoor temperature x 10 Example: [210] = 21 °C	2 3			
2 4			2 4	Button 1 (%)	Value of button 1. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 10%	
2 5			2 5	Button 2 (%)	Value of button 2. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 50%	
2 6			2 6	Button 3 (%)	Value of button 3. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 100%	
27			2 7	Manual time (min.)	Duration of manual mode. This will depend on whether or not Tronic window ventilators are linked to the Room operating unit. Values: 5-9995 min. in steps of 5 Standard = 15 min. if linked to extraction 480 min.(= 8 hours) if linked to supply	
2 8			2 8			
29	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	2 9	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

	Humidity Sensor e.g. node 3				
		INPUT parameter)	HOLDING (write parameter)		
30	Type of Module	16 = Humidity Sensor	30	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located. Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1
31	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	31		
3 2			3 2	RH Setpoint (%)	The desired moisture content. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 60%
3 3	Indoor temp. (°C x 10)	(not with battery) The measured indoor temperature x 10 Example: 210 = 21 °C	3 3	RH Delta (on/off)	Whether or not Delta control can be activated. This delta control increases the ventilation if there is a certain increase in the moisture content over a period of time (e.g. 10% in 5 seconds). Because this may cause the ventilation system to overreact, it is off by default. Values: 0 = off, 1 = on Standard = 0 [= off]
34			3 4	Button 1 (%)	Value of button 1. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 10%
3 5	RH value (% x 100)	(Humidity Sensor only) Measured moisture content x 100 Example: [4974] = 49.74%	3 5	Button 2 (%)	Value of button 2. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 50%
3 6			3 6	Button 3 (%)	Value of button 3. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 100%
37			3 7	Manual time (min.)	Duration of manual mode. This will depend on whether or not Tronic window ventilators are linked to the Room operating unit. Values: 5-9995 min. in steps of 5 Standard = 15 min. if linked to extraction 480 min.[= 8 hours] if linked to supply
38 39	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	38 39	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting

	CO2 sensor e.g. node 4					
	INPUT (read parameter)			HOLDING (write parameter)		
4 0	Type of Module	15 = CO ₂ Sensor	4 0	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located.	
					Values: O-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
4 1	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting 2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting 4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position 9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error	4 1	CO ₂ Setpoint (ppm)	(CO ₂ Sensor only) The desired CO ₂ concentration in parts per million. Values: 0-2000 ppm in steps of 10 Standard = 800 ppm	
4 2			4 2			
4 3	Indoor temp. (°C x 10)	(not with battery) The measured indoor temperature x 10 Example: 210 = 21 °C	4 3	RH Delta (on/off)	Whether or not Delta control can be activated. This delta control increases the ventilation if there is a certain increase in the moisture content over a period of time (e.g. 10% in 5 seconds). Because this may cause the ventilation system to overreact, it is off by default. Values: 0 = off, 1 = on	
• •				D. 11. (1971)	Standard = 0 (= off)	
4 4	CO ₂ value (ppm)	$\rm CO_2$ room sensor only The measured $\rm CO_2$ value	4 4	Button 1 (%)	Value of button 1. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 10%	
4 5			4 5	Button 2 (%)	Value of button 2. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 50%	
4 6			4 6	Button 3 (%)	Value of button 3. Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 100%	
47			4 7	Manual time (min.)	Duration of manual mode. This will depend on whether or not Tronic window ventilators are linked to the Room operating unit. Values: 5-9995 min. in steps of 5 Standard = 15 min. if linked to extraction 480 min.(= 8 hours) if linked to supply	
4 8			4 8			
4 9	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	4 9	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

	Switch Sensor e.g. node 5					
INPUT (read parameter)				HOLDING (write parameter)		
50	Type of Module	18 = Switch Sensor	5 0	Target value (%)	Overruling the ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located.	
					Values: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 -1 = overruling off Standard = -1	
5 1	Status	0 = Auto 1 = 10 minutes in high setting	5 1	Switch mode	Indicates the use to which the Switch Sensor is being put.	
		2 = 20 minutes in high setting 3 = 30 minutes in high setting			Values:	
		4 = Manual low setting 5 = Manual medium setting 6 = Manual high setting 7 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 8 = Permanent low position			2 = PRESENCE (e.g. toilet detection): indicates the ventilation setting required for extraction in the toilet	
		9 = Permanent middle position 10 = Permanent high position 99 = Error			1 = HEATPUMP: indicates the ventilation level to which the flow rate requires to be boosted according to the heat pump connected	
					o = OVERRULE (e.g. alarm): indicates the ventilation level at which the system is being overruled (0-250% / 'MAX'). If it is set to 'MAX', the speed of the central extract unit will increase to maximum and the valve will open fully.	
					Standard = 2 (= PRESENCE)	
5 2	Ventilation position [%]	Actual ventilation setting for the zone in which the component is located	5 2	Switch value	The desired value of ventilation in the current zone if the Switch Sensor is activated. This value is expressed in % or m³/h depending on the switch mode selected. On changing the switch mode, the switch value will be automatically set to a default value.	
					Values:	
					PRESENCE: 0-100% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 Standard = 100%	
					HEAT PUMP: 0-250 m³/h in steps of 5 Standard = 150 m³/h	
					OVERRULE: 0-250% (lowest to highest setting) in steps of 5 255 = 'MAX' Standard = 100%	
5 3			5 3			
5 4			5 4			
5 5			5 5			
56			56			
57 58			57 58			
59	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	5 9	Action	 0 = Node display OFF 1 = Node display ON 2 = Zone to temporary manual setting 1 3 = Zone to temporary manual setting 2 4 = Zone to temporary manual setting 3 5 = Zone to automatic setting 6 = Nobody home setting / Unoccupied setting 	

	Humidity Box sensor e.g. node 6					
	INPUT (read parameter)			HOLDING (write parameter)		
6 0	Type of Module	16 = Humidity Box sensor	6 0			
6 1			6 1			
6 2			6 2	RH Setpoint (%)	The desired moisture content.	
					Values: 0-100% in steps of 5 Standard = 60 %	
6 3	Indoor temp. (°C x 10)	The measured indoor temperature x 10 Example: 210 = 21 °C	6 3	RH Delta (on/off)	Whether or not Delta control can be activated. This delta control increases the ventilation if there is a certain increase in the moisture content over a period of time (e.g. 10% in 5 seconds). Because this may cause the ventilation system to overreact, it is off by default. Values: 0 = off, 1 = on Standard = 0 [= off]	
6 4			6 4			
6 5	RH value (% x 100)	(Humidity Sensor only) Measured moisture content x 100 Example: 4974 = 49.74%	6 5			
6 6			6 6			
6 7			6 7			
6 8			6 8			
69	Localisation number	Indicates a number of a group of components belonging together (used for Qbus, among others).	6 9			